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Adding Capability to the NDS-II System with Cluster Boards

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INTRODUCTION

The ISIS cluster board (iMDX 581) was introduced into the NDS-II product line to reduce dramatically the cost of a personal workstation. It achieved this goal and gave the network numerous expansion opportunities. All of the applications discussed in this note are available through the NDS-II toolbox.

ADDING ADDITIONAL USERS

The cluster board is a single MultibusR board with an 8085-2 processor, 64 K of RAM, an RS232 serial port, and other supporting circuitry. Figure 1 shows a block diagram, and a complete circuit diagram is included in

Appendix A. A cluster board may be installed into any master slot of a network Model 800 or Series II, III, or IV development system to support an additional network user via a dumb terminal. This low-cost method of adding extra users to the network served as the primary motivator for the development of the cluster board.

With the exception of Multibus slot, some power, and access to the host's Ethernet controller board, the cluster board uses none of its host development system's resources. The cluster board does not slow the host, which generally has no knowledge of its presence in the system. A host may support multiple cluster boards. Figure 2 shows the maximum number that may be added to each host system.

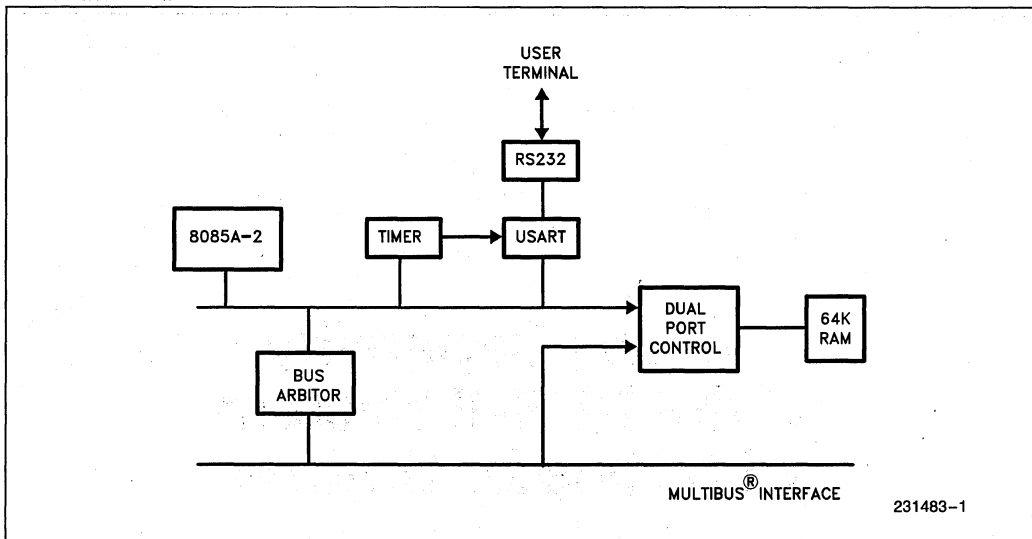


Figure 1. Cluster Board Block Diagram

During initialization of the host system, an operating system is loaded from the network resource manager (NRM) into the RAM of the cluster board. While ISIS operating system was chosen to ensure compatibility with previous development environments, CP/M-80 may also be used (see AP 253). During operation, ISIS accesses data files and programs from the protected hierarchical file system of the NRM using the Ethernet controller boards. Access to local host devices, such as floppy disks or Winchester disks, is not permitted.

In normal use, a dumb CRT would be connected to the RS232 port of the cluster board. The user would then have access to all of the 8-bit network tools, including full-screen editors, program management tools, and electronic mail. While some 8-bit compilers are also available, the cluster board is generally used for interactive work supporting the engineer (or the support staff). Access to 16-bit advanced tools is available via the Export facility of the networks' distributed job-control system, where the cluster user may generate a job using

local tools and then request its execution on a more capable system upon the same network. This productive shared-tool environment is described further in AP 244.

It is not mandatory to install a dumb CRT. In fact, any RS232 device will suffice. The possibilities are endless, since RS232 is one of the few standards in the electronics industry today. Although this article will discuss various applications, the solution is general in nature, and any system with an RS232 interface could be connected to the cluster board.

REMOTE NETWORK OPERATION

Figure 3 shows the connection of an Intel iPDS™ portable development system. The iPDS system is especially suited to 8-bit microprocessor applications development. It has many tools for individual development but does not include advanced network tools, such as electronic mail or program management. In this application, the iPDS system is at a remote site, and a modem link connects the iPDS system to the NDS-II network.

A dumb terminal emulator program called REMOTE has been written for the iPDS system. This program, as part of the network toolbox, includes autodialing a Hayes smart modem. While running in terminal emulation mode, the iPDS can access all facilities of the network, including electronic mail and distributed job control facilities. REMOTE also includes a file-transfer protocol that enables data transfer between the iPDS system and the NRM.

If the iPDS system is at a service location, you need a diagnostic program from the NRM. Or, the iPDS could have data gathered from a remote site to be analysed back at base. The possibilities are endless.

System	Maximum Clusters
Model 800	2
Series II	3
Series III	1
Series IV	3
Expansion Chassis	4

Figure 2. Adding Cluster Boards to Host Systems

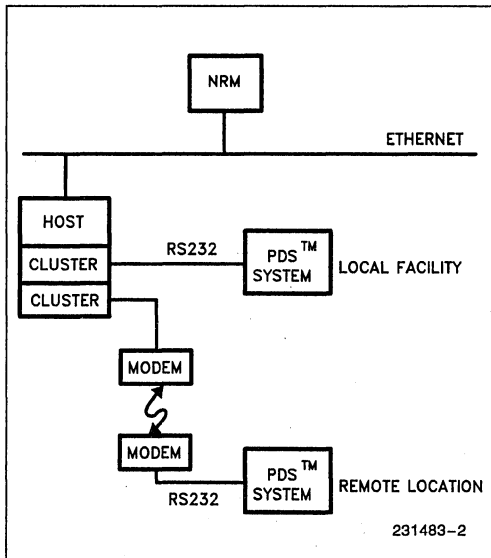


Figure 3. Attaching the iPDS™ System to the Network via an ISIS Cluster Board

ADDING AN ADDITIONAL PRINTER

An additional printer is often required on an NDS-II system. Letter quality printers are popular and their RS232 connection makes them a natural for connection to the cluster board. One problem - how does an output device such as a printer LOGON to the network and initiate file transfer from file to paper.

Server is a slight modification of the standard cluster PROM - it includes a PROM based console to solve the initialization problem. After power-up the LOGON program calls the console input routine to input the user name and password - within server a user name and password is supplied from PROM (Refer to the AP-242 — Additional printer support for the NDS II — for more complete information.)

Once logged on the system executes an initialization file ISIS.INI from the users home directory. In this server example a program that never exits will be chosen - PRINCE, a versatile serial printer driver, is such a program. Following initial drive assignments PRINCE polls a directory looking for files, once a file is identified it is copied to the serial printer and then deleted - simple but most effective.

AUTOBOOT CLUSTER BOARD

BOOTUP is an extensively modified cluster PROM. Rather than rely upon a host system to provide its operating system BOOTUP allows a cluster board to load its own ISIS operating system from the network. Following power-up BOOTUP initializes an SBC550 Ethernet controller and then logs on to the NRM under a predefined name of ISIS. Once logged on BOOTUP loads its operating system from the network. Before passing control to the user BOOTUP seeks out and initializes any other cluster boards also installed within the same chassis.

BOOTUP provides the network user with a low cost method of adding software developers - take any iSBC chassis, add an Ethernet Comm set and a cluster board containing the BOOTUP PROM and the system is complete. Up to seven additional cluster boards may be added to provide a very low cost eight-user environment as shown in Figure 4. BOOTUP also supports the server concept. The BOOTUP PROM is provided with the Network/Series IV Toolbox product.

CONCLUSION

I hope I have explained some of the versatility of the ISIS cluster board. Think of it as a universal interface board between the complex multi-protocol world of Ethernet and the straight forward start-data-stop world of RS232. I am sure this will prompt many new applications for the product - feel free to experiment and benefit from your findings.

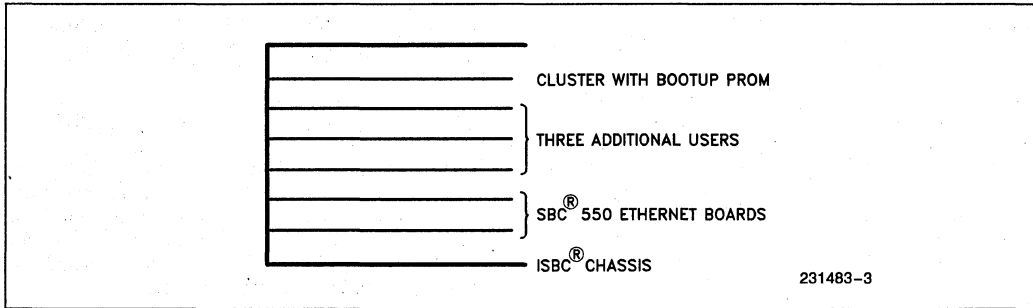
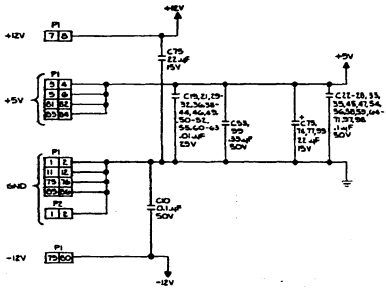


Figure 4. BOOTUP Allows a Low Cost iSBC® Chassis to Act as a Host for Software Developers

8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	CHK	DATE	APP	DATE
1	ECD 12-14384	WJW	6/24/54	DW	7/2/54	AW	7/2/54
2	ECD 12-14406	WJW	6/24/54	AW	7/2/54	AW	7/2/54



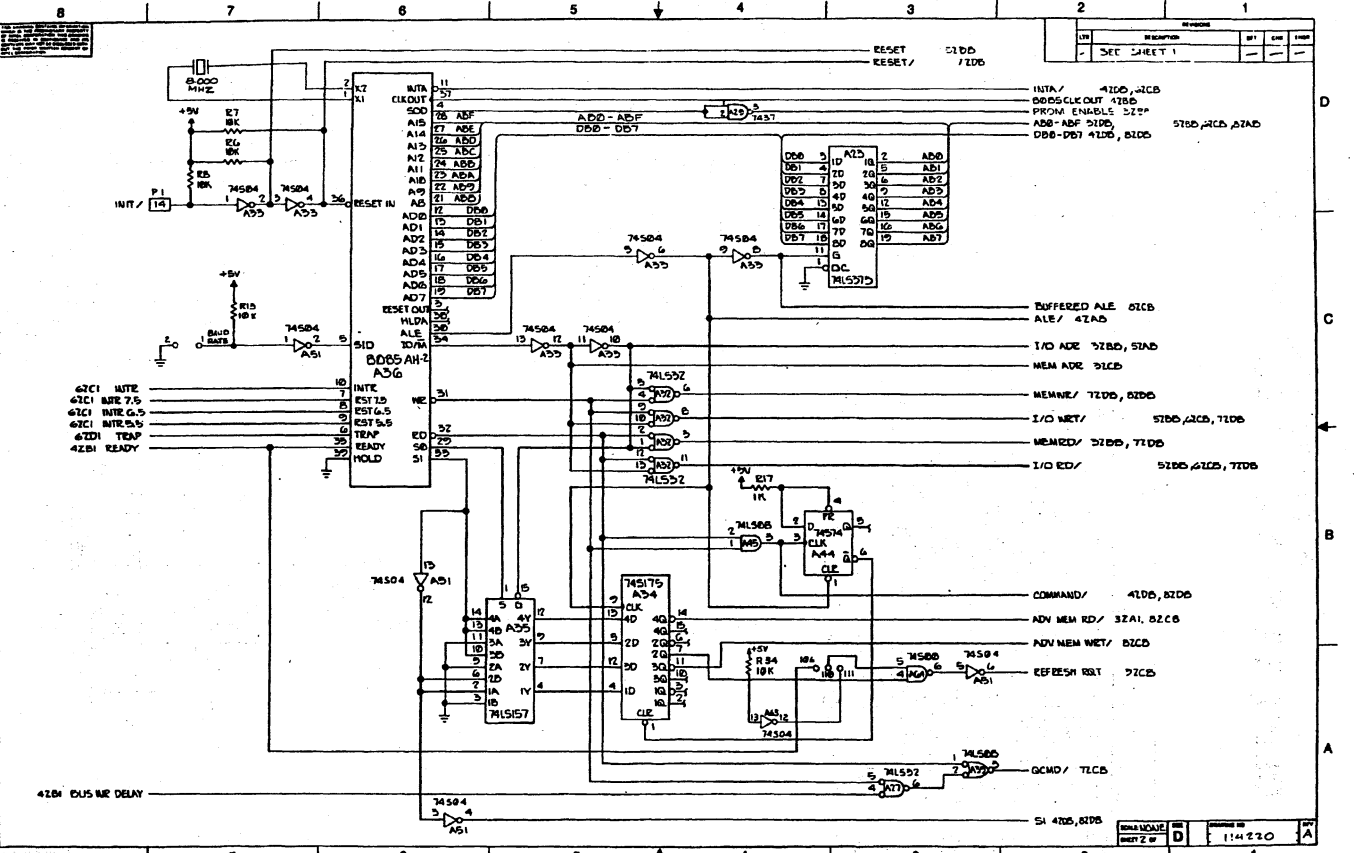
NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 1. CAPACITANCE VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS.
 2. RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, 1/4W, 5%.

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	
LAST USED	NOT USED
A84	A-11,15,20
C100	C30,34,76, 76, 78, 79
	94, 95
CR1	
E102	E3, 45, 48, 7, 14, 25
	OS, 05108, 11, 15
	25, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35
J8	J1, 2
P2	
Q1	
2B5	B3, 9, 33
R2C	R2P
F20	F2H
+2	

DEVICE TABLE				
REF DES	DEVICE TYPE	POWER PINS GND	H5V	UNL/USED LOGIC ELEMENT OUTPUT PINS
A45,6,6A,6B	74500	7	14	A45-3
A59	741502	7	14	A59-4
A36	74503	7	14	A36-3,6,8
A53,40,51,63	74504	7	14	A50-4,6,7,8, A63-10
A30,31	741504	7	14	A30-5,8
A41	74506	7	14	
A35,46	741508	7	14	
A45	74540	7	14	
A47	74511	7	14	
A48	74811	7	14	A48-6,12
A18	74520	7	14	
A48	741517	7	14	A48-8
A47,62	74532	7	14	
A17,32	741532	7	14	
A19	74537	7	14	A19-6,8
A44,56	74957A	7	14	A44-8,9
A51	741574	7	14	A51-2,3
A17,50	741878B	8	16	
A56	745140	7	14	
A35	7415387	8	16	
A12	74163	8	16	
A34,43	74957B	8	16	A34-1,2,3, A43-1,3
A53,54	741540	10	20	
A36	745573	10	20	
A15	741573	10	20	
A14	75818B	7	14	1
A15,16	75189A	7	14	A15-3,11; A16-6
A17-24	ZK4	8	16	
A65,68	8206	8	16	
A67	818	8	16	
A50	8084A-3	20	40	
A60	74967	8	16	
A66	8203-1	20	40	
A57	8211	8	16	
A15	8123	8	16	
A14,75	8156	8	16	
A11	818A	4	20	
A71	8154	12	24	
A30	8259A	14	28	
A14,17,17,75	DP8504	10	20	
A58	9602	8	16	

QUANTITY PER DRAWING	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
1	1	SCHMATIC, IS15 CLUSTER
2	2	...
3	3	...
4	4	...
5	5	...
6	6	...
7	7	...
8	8	...
9	9	...
10	10	...

D
C
B
A



REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	DATE
-	SEE SHEET 1	-	-	-

57BD, 61CB, 67AD

BUFFERED ALE 61CB
ALE/ 47AD

I/O ADR 57BD, 57AD

MEM ADR 51CB

MEMWE/ 71DD, 61DD

I/O WE/ 57BD, 61CB, 71DD

MEMRD/ 57DD, 71DD

I/O RD/ 57DD, 61CB, 71DD

COMMAND/ 41DD, 67DD

ADV MEM RD/ 32A1, 62CB

ADV MEM WE/ 61CB

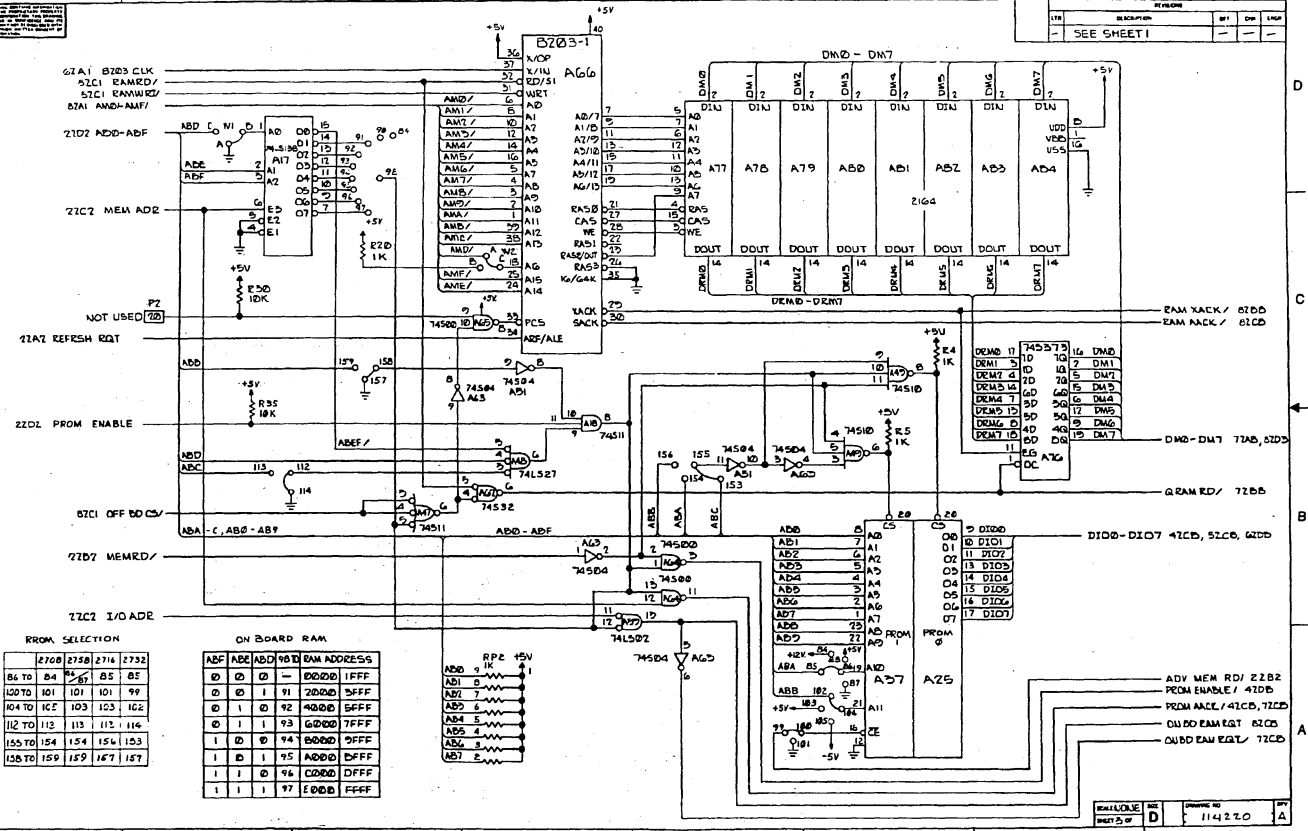
REFRESH RST 57CB

QCMD/ 71CB

51 47DD, 61DD

NOTES:
 1. ALL COMPONENTS ARE TO BE MOUNTED ON THE BOARD.
 2. ALL COMPONENTS ARE TO BE MOUNTED ON THE BOARD.
 3. ALL COMPONENTS ARE TO BE MOUNTED ON THE BOARD.
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REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	DATE
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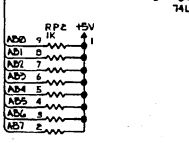


FROM SELECTION

2708	2758	2716	2732
86 TO 84	85	85	85
100 TO 101	101	101	99
104 TO 102	103	103	102
112 TO 112	113	113	114
155 TO 154	154	154	153
158 TO 159	159	167	157

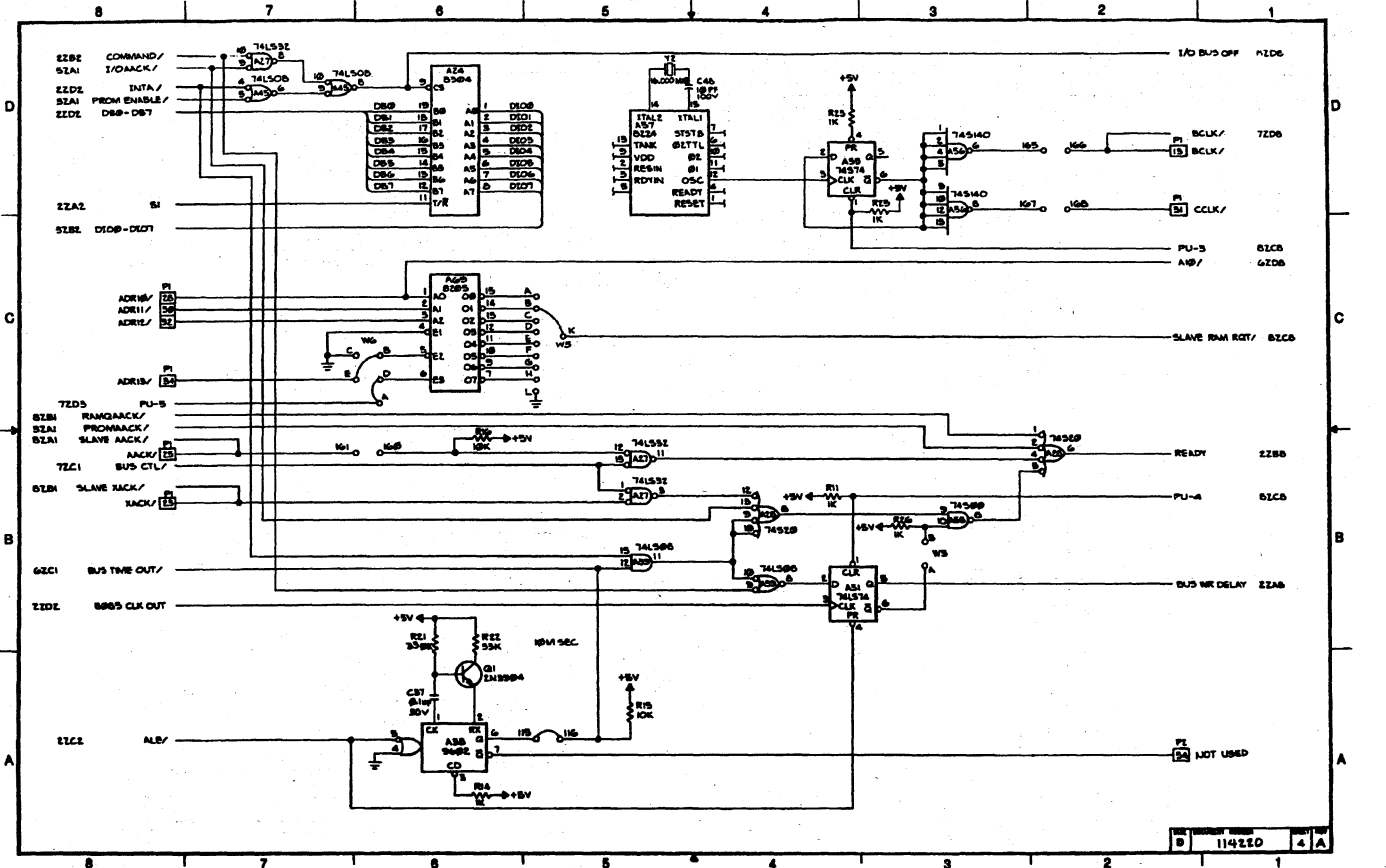
ON BOARD RAM

ADF	ABE	ABD	98	RAM ADDRESS
0	0	0	0	0000 1FFF
0	0	1	91	2000 5FFF
0	1	0	92	4000 5FFF
0	1	1	93	6000 7FFF
1	0	0	94	8000 0FFF
1	0	1	95	A000 0FFF
1	1	0	96	C000 0FFF
1	1	1	97	E000 0FFF

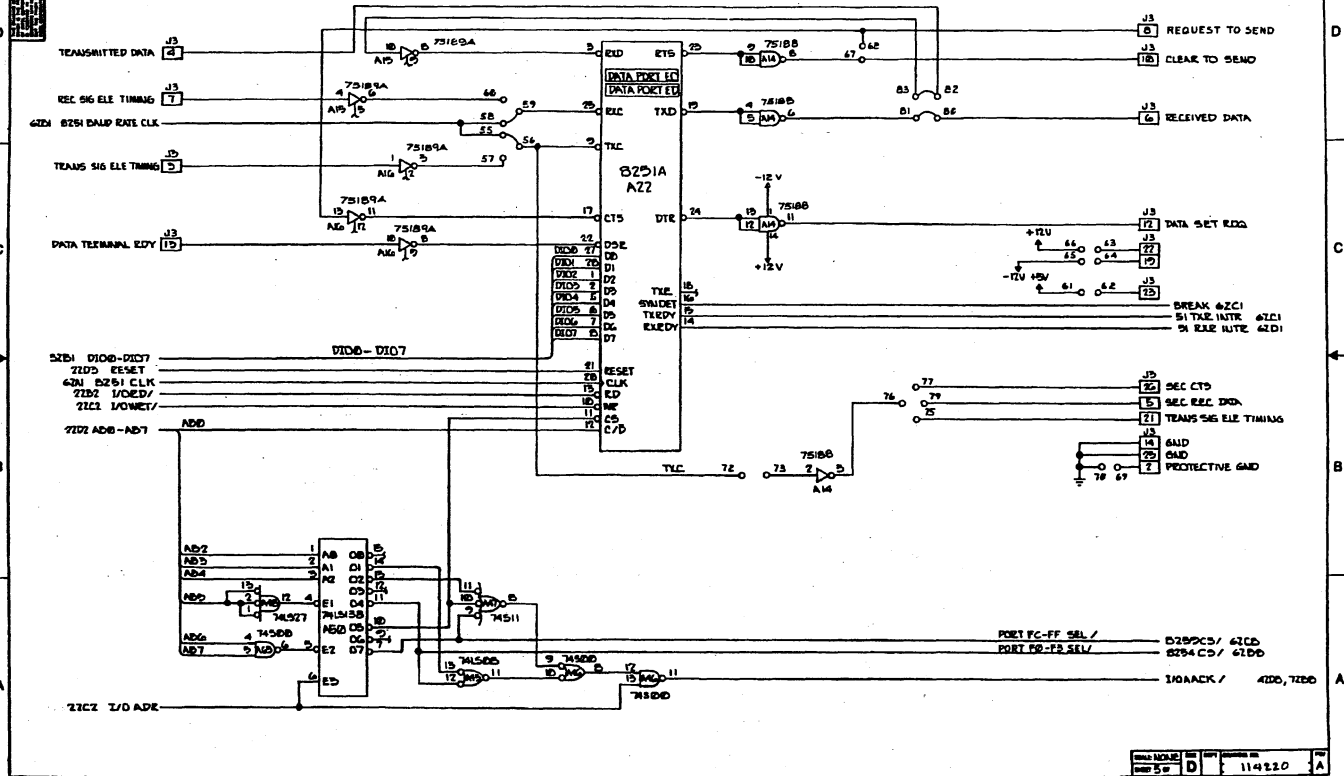


ADY MEM RD/ Z2B2
 PROM ENABLE/ 47DB
 PROM ACK/ 47CB, 72CB
 CPU RD RAM EQ/ 82CB
 CPU RD RAM EQ/ 72CB

SCALE	REV	DATE	BY
1:1	D	11/4/72	A

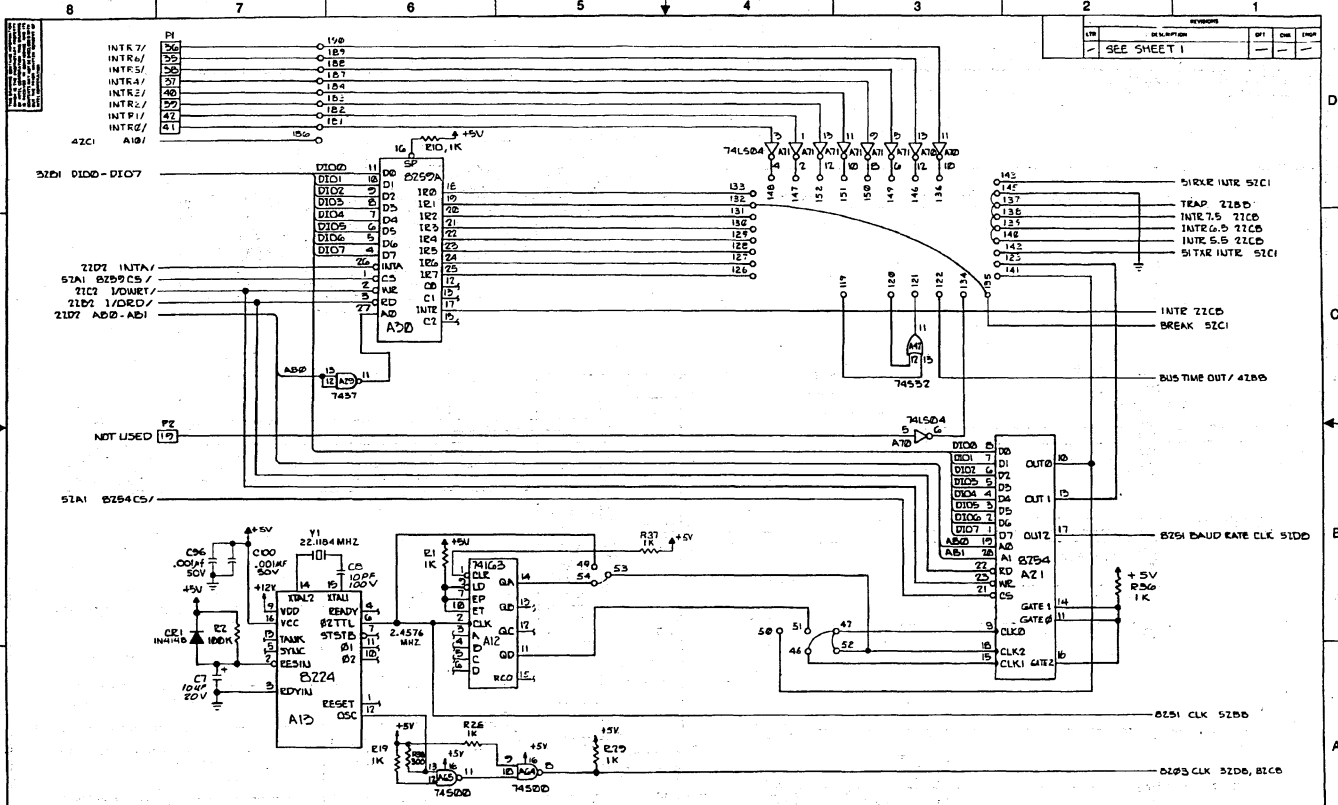


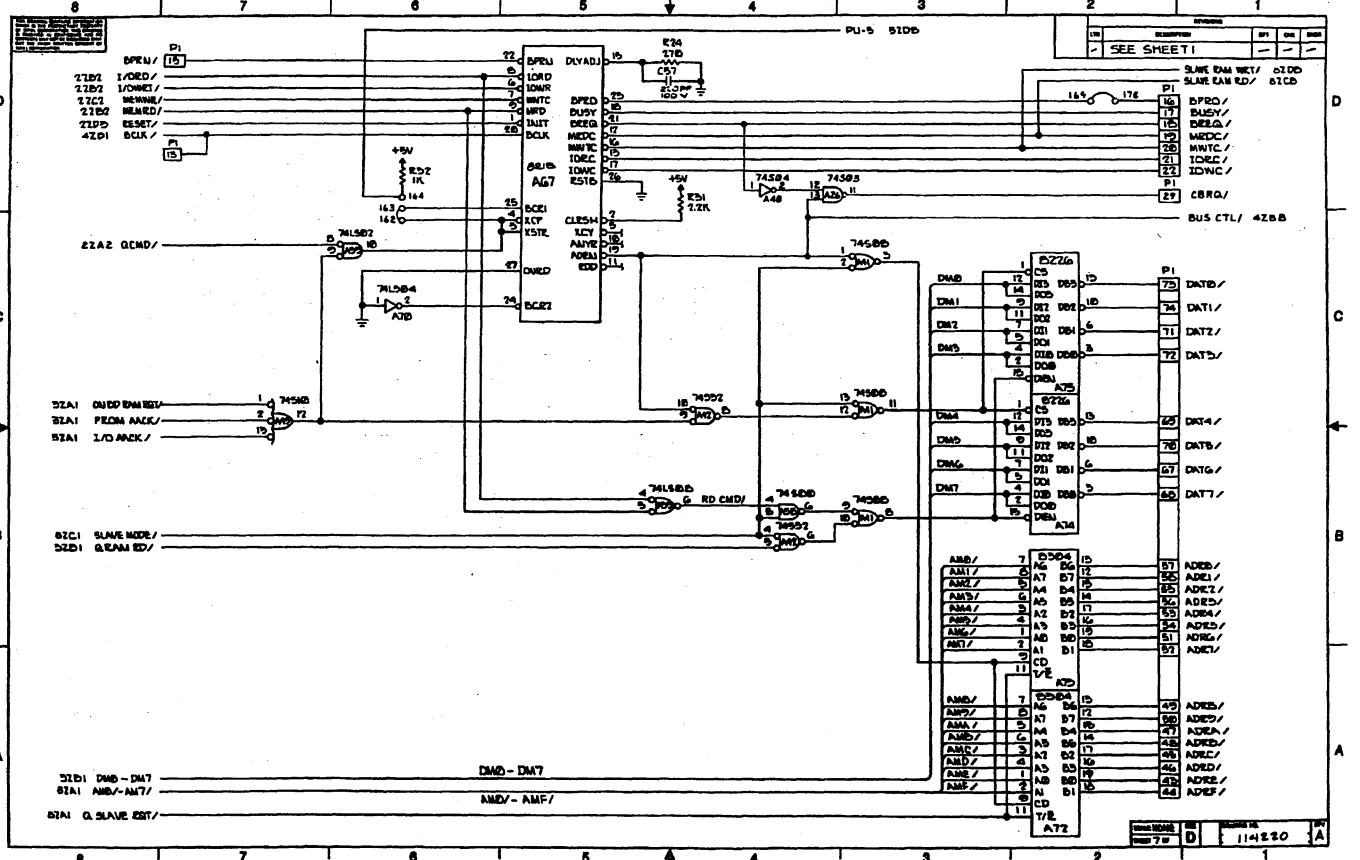
REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	DATE
1	SEE SHEET 1			



DATE	REV	BY	CHK	DATE
11/4/20	D			

REVISIONS				
REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	DATE
1	SEE SHEET 1			





REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	DATE
-	SEE SHEET 1			

SLAVE RAM WRT/	8100
SLAVE RAM RD/	8100
P1 16	8PRO/
P1 17	8BUSY/
P1 18	8REQ/
P1 19	8MDC/
P1 20	8MWC/
P1 21	8IDRC/
P1 22	8IDWC/
P1 23	8BRQ/
P1 24	8BCT/
P1 25	8ZBB

DMA0	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 75	DMA0/
DMA1	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 76	DMA1/
DMA2	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 77	DMA2/
DMA3	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 78	DMA3/
DMA4	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 79	DMA4/
DMA5	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 80	DMA5/
DMA6	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 81	DMA6/
DMA7	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 82	DMA7/

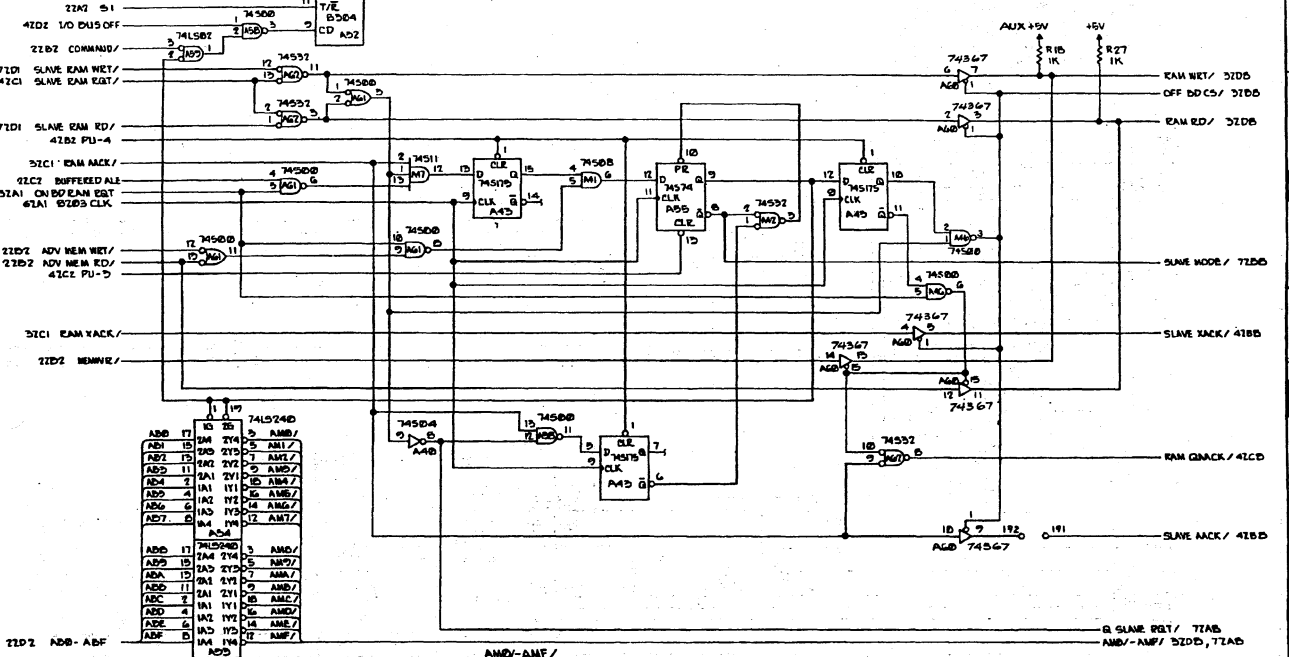
AM0/	7	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 83	AM0/
AM1/	8	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 84	AM1/
AM2/	9	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 85	AM2/
AM3/	10	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 86	AM3/
AM4/	11	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 87	AM4/
AM5/	12	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 88	AM5/
AM6/	13	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 89	AM6/
AM7/	14	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 90	AM7/

AM0/	7	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 91	AM0/
AM1/	8	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 92	AM1/
AM2/	9	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 93	AM2/
AM3/	10	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 94	AM3/
AM4/	11	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 95	AM4/
AM5/	12	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 96	AM5/
AM6/	13	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 97	AM6/
AM7/	14	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 98	AM7/

AM0/	7	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 99	AM0/
AM1/	8	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 100	AM1/
AM2/	9	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 101	AM2/
AM3/	10	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 102	AM3/
AM4/	11	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 103	AM4/
AM5/	12	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 104	AM5/
AM6/	13	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 105	AM6/
AM7/	14	CS	DTB	DB5	15	P1 106	AM7/

REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	APP
1	SEE SHEET 1			

DD0	12	B7	A7	8	DM8
DD1	13	B6	A6	7	DM7
DD2	14	B5	A5	6	DM6
DD3	15	B4	A4	5	DM5
DD4	16	B3	A3	4	DM4
DD5	17	B2	A2	3	DM3
DD6	18	B1	A1	2	DM2
DD7	19	B0	A0	1	DM1



AD0	17	1A0	1Y4	3	AM0/
AD1	18	1A1	1Y5	4	AM1/
AD2	19	1A2	1Y6	5	AM2/
AD3	20	1A3	1Y7	6	AM3/
AD4	21	1A4	1Y8	7	AM4/
AD5	22	1A5	1Y9	8	AM5/
AD6	23	1A6	1Y0	9	AM6/
AD7	24	1A7	1Y1	10	AM7/
AD8					
AD9					
AD10					
AD11					
AD12					
AD13					
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